



Brocade Fabric OS v2.6.1

Brocade OEM Final Disclosure Notes

Brocade Proprietary and Confidential Information

This document is intended for Brocade partners only. It is a confidential communication between Brocade Communications Systems, Inc. and its OEM partners. A companion document, the Release Notes, will be provided to form the source material from which Brocade's partners may customize their own Release Notes if desired.

This document contains a list of defects that were found during Brocade Communications Systems' quality assurance cycle. Quality of our products is a top priority at Brocade. This list provides our partners with awareness of outstanding issues already discovered.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Overview	3
Fabric OS v2.6.1 GA Release	3
Release Contents Summary.....	3
Information About Secure Fabric OS.....	3
Important Notes.....	4
OS Requirements	4
SilkWorm 2xxx Scalability Limits.....	4
Maximizing Fabric Availability during SW 3900 Hot Code Activation.....	4
Microsoft Internet Explorer Issue	4
Other Important Notes:	5
Documentation Addendum	5
SilkWorm 2800 Hardware Reference Manual	5
New commands introduced in v2.6.1 and carried forward.....	6
shellFlowControlDisable.....	6
shellFlowControlEnable.....	6
Modified command introduced in v2.6.1 and carried forward.....	7
configure	7
Outstanding Defects	15
Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1	26
Defects Closed Since Last GA Release.....	35

Overview

Fabric OS v2.6.1 GA Release

Brocade is pleased to deliver the generally available (“GA”) version of Fabric OS v2.6.1 to its OEM partners. As no urgent issues were detected during the regression testing on Fabric OS v2.6.1_RC19, this GA release is identical to v2.6.1_RC19, but with the GA label. Brocade thanks its OEM partners for their assistance during the Fabric OS v2.6.1 Beta and Qualification cycles, and for their assistance in maximizing the quality of the product.

This Note contains a list of defects that were found during Brocade Communications Systems’ quality assurance cycle. A few others have been reported against products currently in the field. They are being shared with our OEM partners, under non-disclosure, as part of Brocade’s “full disclosure” policy.

Brocade is confident that our partners will find this release to be the highest quality firmware delivered to them in years.

Release Contents Summary

Brocade Fabric OS v2.6.1 provides the following enhancements in addition to Fabric OS v2.6.0x:

- Expanded security in the mixed fabric environment
- External Time Server Synchronization
- Enhanced code compatibility/manageability for mixed fabric environment
 - Persistent port and switch level enabling/disabling

For more details of these features, please refer to the user manuals.

Information About Secure Fabric OS

Brocade’s Secure Fabric OS® is a comprehensive security product that requires some planning and specific steps to set up and configure. For this purpose, the following document should be reviewed as a minimum of preparation prior to getting started:

- *Secure Fabric OS Quick Start Guide*

More detailed product information may be obtained from the *Secure Fabric OS Users Guide*.

Important Notes

OS Requirements

The following table summarizes the versions of Brocade firmware and software that are supported in conjunction with this release:

	SW 2xxx	SW 3200 & 3800	SW 3900 & 12000	Fabric Manager
General compatibility	2.6.0c or later	3.0.2c or later	4.0.0c or later	3.0.2c or later
With Secure Fabric OS enabled	2.6.1 or later	3.1.0 or later	4.1.0 or later	3.0.2c or later
Recommended adjacent to SW 3900s running 4.1.0 or later	2.6.1 or later	3.1.0 or later	4.1.0 or later	3.0.2c or later

SilkWorm 2xxx Scalability Limits

Exhaustive testing has demonstrated that SilkWorm 2000 family switches should not be deployed in fabrics whose size exceeds 500 user ports (device ports). Such switches will not be supported in fabrics that exceed this size, regardless of Fabric OS version.

Maximizing Fabric Availability during SW 3900 Hot Code Activation

During code activation on a SilkWorm 3900 running Fabric OS 4.1.0 or later, data keeps flowing between hosts and storage devices. However, fabric services are unavailable for a period of approximately 50-55 seconds. Possible disruption of the fabric can be minimized by ensuring that switches logically adjacent to the SW 3900 (directly connected via an ISL) are running Fabric OS 2.6.1 or later, 3.1.0 or later, or 4.1.0 or later. More information is available in the Firmware Download section of the Fabric OS Procedures manual. This is a limitation of Fabric OS 4.1.0.

Microsoft Internet Explorer Issue

An issue has been identified with Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.0 and 5.5 running on Windows NT 4.0. The problem is as follows. Normally, when you launch a copy of the Switch Explorer applet, the left hand panel displays a tree of switches in your fabric. Clicking on a tree node will cause the right hand panels to refresh to the currently selected switch. However, under NT/4.0 and IE 5.0/5.5, the right hand panel will NOT update for the 2nd and subsequent instance of the Switch Explorer. Only the first instance works.

This issue has been identified and confirmed by Microsoft. For details, see the URL <http://support.microsoft.com/default.aspx?scid=KB;en-us;242167&>.

Workaround: There are 2 workarounds for this:

1. Always use a single instance of the SwitchExplorer on NT/4.0 and IE 5.0/5.5
2. Install IE 6.0 SP1

Alternatively, it is possible that you can obtain a workaround directly from Microsoft for this problem. Please contact Microsoft support and supply them the information in the defect as described in the URL <http://support.microsoft.com/default.aspx?scid=KB;en-us;242167&>.

Other Important Notes:

This table lists important information you should be aware of regarding Fabric OS v2.6.1

Area	Description
License removal	NOTE: When a user removes a license from the switch, the feature is not disabled until the switch is rebooted or a switch disable/enable is performed.
Security, PKICERT utility	NOTE: Before using the PKICERT utility to prepare a Certificate Signing Request (CSR), please ensure that there are no spaces in the switch names of any switches in the fabric. The Web site that processes the CSRs and generates the digital certificates does not accept switch names containing spaces, and any CSRs that do not conform to this requirement will be rejected.
Web tools, Java bug	Problem: If a dialog box is displayed from the switch admin window of the Web Tools and the user selects another dialog box from Web Tools, this causes a windows display error. NOTE: This is a known defect in Java 1.3 documented at www.java.sun.com , bug ID 4763605. To avoid the display error, open only one dialog box at a time or launch another switch admin session in a separate window.
Zoning	NOTE: To use Zoning in a non-RCS (Reliable Commit Service) mode fabric, that is, in a fabric containing switches with firmware version other than v2.6.x, v3.1 and v4.1, it is recommended that all appropriate Zoning licenses are installed on all the switches in the fabric before attempting to bring a switch in to the fabric. Furthermore, if the Zoning license is to be removed, the user must make sure it is re-installed back properly on the affected switch before attempting cfgenable zoning operation. Failure to follow these steps can cause inconsistency of Zoning configuration on the affected switches should a zoning operation be attempted from a remote switch in the fabric. On the affected switches an error message will appear on the console or telnet session (can also be seen by doing errShow , errDump) indicating that zoning license was missing.

Documentation Addendum

SilkWorm 2800 Hardware Reference Manual

(publication number 53-0001485-03)

Figure 1-1 on page 1-1 of the *SilkWorm 2800 Hardware Reference Manual*, has mis-labeled call-outs. The power supplies 1 and 2 are reversed, and should be labeled as follows:



New commands introduced in v2.6.1 and carried forward

shellFlowControlDisable

Disables XON/XOFF flow control to the shell task.

SYNOPSIS shellFlowControlDisable

AVAILABILITY admin

DESCRIPTION

This command allows an administrator to disable XON/XOFF flow control to the shell task. Disabling XON/XOFF flow control is the recommended behavior for the switch. Flow control will be disabled for both serial port and telnet access into the command shell.

Once disabled, even in the event of a power boundary, the switch will boot up with XON/XOFF flow control DISABLED.

LIMITATIONS None.

OPERANDS None.

EXAMPLE

```
admin> shellFlowControlDisable
Committing configuration...done.
```

SEE ALSO

ShellFlowControlEnable

shellFlowControlEnable

Enables XON/XOFF flow control to the shell task.

SYNOPSIS shellFlowControlEnable

AVAILABILITY admin

DESCRIPTION

This command allows an administrator to enable XON/XOFF flow control to the shell task. Disabling XON/XOFF flow control is the recommended behavior for the switch; however, if it becomes

necessary to enable XON/XOFF flow control, it may be done with this command. Flow control will be enabled for both serial port and telnet access into the command shell.

Once enabled, even in the event of a power boundary, the switch will boot up with XON/XOFF flow control ENABLED.

LIMITATIONS None.

OPERANDS None.

EXAMPLE

```
admin> shellFlowControlEnable
Committing configuration...done.
```

SEE ALSO

ShellFlowControlDisable

Modified command introduced in v2.6.1 and carried forward

configure

Modify system configuration settings.

SYNOPSIS configure

AVAILABILITY admin

DESCRIPTION

Use this command to change the following system configuration settings:

- Fabric parameters
- Virtual channel settings
- Zoning Operation parameters
- RSCN Transmission Mode
- NS Pre-zoning Mode
- Arbitrated Loop parameters
- System services
- Portlog events enable

Note: Do not run this command on an operational switch. First disable the switch using the switchdisable command.

The **configure** command is navigated using a series of menus. Top level menus, and associated submenus consist of a text prompt, a list of acceptable values, and a default value (in brackets). Use the following options to control input:

Return

When entered at a prompt with no preceding input, accepts the default value (if applicable) and moves to the next prompt.

Interrupt (control-C)

Aborts the command immediately and ignores all changes made. This keystroke is common on many computers, but can be different on your system.

End-of-file (control-D)

When entered at a prompt with no preceding input, terminates the command and saves changes made. This keystroke is common on many computers, but may be different on your system.

Fabric Parameters

There are a number of settings which control the overall behavior and operation of the Fabric. Some of these values, such as the domain, are assigned automatically by the Fabric and may differ from one switch to another in the fabric. Other parameters, such as the BB credit, can be changed for specific applications or operating environments, but **must** be in agreement among all switches to allow formation of the fabric.

The Fabric parameters are as follows:

<i>1.1.1.1.1 Configure Command Fabric Parameters</i>		
Field	Default	Range
Domain	110	1..239
BB Credit	16	1 to 27
R_A_TOV	10000	4000 to 120000
E_D_TOV	2000	1000 to 5000
WAN_TOV	0	1000 to 120000
Data Field Size	2112	256 to 2112
Sequence Level Switching	0	0 or 1
Disable Device Probing	0	0 or 1
Suppress Class F Traffic	0	0 or 1
Sync IO Mode	0	0 or 1
VC Encoded Address Mode	0	0 or 1
Core Switch PID Format	1	0 or 1
Per-frame Route Priority	0	0 or 1
Long Distance Fabric	0	0 or 1

Descriptions of the switch fabric setting fields are as follows:

Domain The domain number uniquely identifies the switch in a Fabric. This value is automatically assigned by the Fabric. The range of valid values varies depending on the switch model and other system parameter settings (refer to VC Encoded Address Mode).

BB Credit	The buffer-to-buffer (BB) credit represents the number of buffers available to attached devices for frame receipt. The range of allowed values varies depending on other system settings.
R_A_TOV	<p>The Resource Allocation Time Out Value (R_A_TOV) is displayed in milliseconds. This variable works with the variable E_D_TOV to determine switch actions when presented with an error condition.</p> <p>Allocated circuit resources with detected errors are not released until the time value has expired. If the condition is resolved prior to the time out, the internal time out clock resets and waits for the next error condition.</p>
E_D_TOV	Error Detect Time Out Value (E_D_TOV) is displayed in milliseconds. This timer is used to flag a potential error condition when an expected response is not received (an acknowledgment or reply in response to packet receipt, for example) within the set time limit. If the time for an expected response exceeds the set value, then an error condition occurs.
WAN_TOV	Wide Area Network Time Out Value (R_A_TOV) is displayed in milliseconds. Valid values are 1000 to 120000.
Data Field Size	The data field size specifies the largest possible value, in bytes, and advertises this value to other switches in the fabric during construction of the fabric as well as to other devices when they connect to the fabric. Setting this to a value smaller than 2112 may result in decreased performance.
Sequence Level Switching	<p>When Sequence Level Switching is set to 1, frames of the same sequence from a particular source are transmitted together as a group. When this feature is set to 0, frames are transmitted interleaved among multiple sequences.</p> <p>Under normal conditions, Sequence Level Switching should be disabled for better performance. However, some host adapters have performance issues when receiving interleaved frames from multiple sequences. When there are such devices attached to the fabric, Sequence Level Switching should be enabled.</p>
Disable Device Probing	When Disable Device Probing is set to 1, devices that do not register with the Name Server are not present in the Name Server data base. Set this mode only if the switch N_Port discovery process (PLOGI, PRLI, INQUIRY) causes an attached device to fail.
Suppress Class F Traffic	When this mode is set to 1, all class F interswitch frames are transmitted as class 2 frames. This is to support remote fabrics which involve ATM gateways which don't support class F traffic.
Sync IO Mode	When Sync IO mode is set to 1, FSPF frames are sent in synchronous mode (expecting ACKs back from the other side for every frame) which helps in detecting the failures in the link between the ATM gateways in remote fabrics.
VC Encoded Address Mode	When VC Encoded Address Mode is set to 1, frame source and destination address utilize an address format compatible with SilkWorm 1000 switches. Set this mode only if the fabric includes this type of switch. VC Encoded Address mode cannot be set in security mode. Also, when this mode is set, security mode cannot be enabled.
Core Switch PID Format	This is used to set the 256 port PID format that is used for core switches. This option enables single Domain port density higher than 16. This parameter must be set the same on all switches in the fabric. If your fabric contains 2000 series switches

disable Core Switch PID format. By default Fabric OS 4.x switches have this PID format enabled.

VC Encoded Address Mode and Core Switch PID Format are mutually exclusive. They cannot both be enabled at the same time.

When interoperability mode is enabled, the "core switch PID format" parameter is set automatically. This enables a switch to work with other manufacturer's switches, as well as with core switches that have more than 16 ports. If a switch needs to be in the same fabric with other manufacturer's switches as well as with other switches that do not support 256-port PID format, that is, those before v2.4.1f, the "core switch PID format" parameter can be turned off using the configure command after the interopmode command is used to enable interoperability.

When interoperability mode is disabled, the "core switch PID format" parameter is automatically set to the opposite of the "VC Encoded Address Mode" parameter value. These two parameters are mutually exclusive and should not both be enabled. Make sure they are not both enabled inadvertently using the configure command. For more information on **interopmode** refer to the *Fabric OS Procedures Guide*.

Per-frame Route Priority

In addition to the eight virtual channels used in frame routing priority, support is also available for per-frame based prioritization when this value is set. When Per-frame Route Priority is set to 1, the virtual channel ID is used in conjunction with a frame header to form the final virtual channel ID.

Long Distance Fabric

When this mode is set to 1, ISLs in a fabric can be up to 100Km long. The exact distance level is determined by the per-port configuration on the E_Ports of each ISL. Both E_Ports in an ISL must be configured to run the same long distance level, otherwise, the fabric will be segmented. The Extended Fabric License is required to set this mode.

Virtual Channel Settings

The switch enables fine tuning for a specific application, by configuring the parameters for eight virtual channels. The first two virtual channels are reserved for switch internal functions and are not available for modification.

The default virtual channel settings have already been optimized for switch performance. Changing the default values can improve switch performance, but can also degrade performance. Do not change these settings without fully understanding the effects of the changes.

The Virtual Channel Setting fields are as follows:

<i>1.1.1.1.2 Configure Command Virtual Channel Settings</i>		
Field	Default	Range
VC Priority 2	2	2 to 3
VC Priority 3	2	2 to 3
VC Priority 4	2	2 to 3
VC Priority 5	2	2 to 3
VC Priority 6	3	2 to 3

VC Priority 7	3	2 to 3
---------------	---	--------

Descriptions of the Virtual Channel Setting fields are as follows:

VC Priority Specifies the class of frame traffic given priority for a Virtual Channel.

Zoning Operation Parameters

The Zoning Operation Parameter fields are as follows:

Disable NodeName Zone Checking

Specify 1 to disable using Node WWN when specifying nodes in the zone database, or specify 0 to enable using Node WWN when specifying nodes in the zone data. The default value is 0. This value must be set to 1 for interoperability.

RSCN Transmission Mode

The RSCN Transmission Mode fields are as follows:

End-device RSCN Transmission Mode

Specify 0 for RSCN with single PID, 1 for RSCN with multiple PIDs, or 2 for Fabric RSCN. The default value is 0.

NS Operation Parameters

The NS Pre-zoning Mode fields are as follows:

Pre-zoned responses Mode

Specify 0 for Standard Mode, or 1 for Pre-zoning On. The default value is 0.

Arbitrated Loop Parameters

The Arbitrated Loop Setting fields are as follows:

<i>1.1..1.1.3 Configure Command Arbitrated Loop Settings</i>		
Field	Default	Range
Send FAN frames?	0	0 or 1
Always send RSCN?	0	0 or 1
Enable CLOSE on OPEN received?	0	0 through 4

Descriptions of the Arbitrated Loop Parameter fields are as follows:

Send FAN frames?

Specifies that fabric address notification (FAN) frames be sent to public loop devices to notify them of their node ID and address. When set to 1, frames are sent; when set to 0 frames are not sent.

Always send RSCN?

Following the completion of loop initialization, a remote state change notification (RSCN) is issued when FL_Ports detect the presence of new devices or the absence of pre-existing devices. When set, a RSCN is issued upon completion of loop initialization, regardless of the presence or absence of new or preexisting devices.

Enable CLOSE on OPEN received?

If this is set, a CLS is returned immediately to an OPN if no buffers are available. This is required for TachLite.

System Services

The System Services fields are as follows:

<i>1.1.1.1.4 Configure Command System Services Parameters</i>		
Field	Default	Range
rstatd	Off	On/Off
rusersd	Off	On/Off
rapid	On	On/Off
thad	On	On/Off
Disable RLS probing	On	On/Off

Descriptions of the system service setting fields are as follows:

- rstatd** Dynamically enables or disables a server that returns information about system operation information through remote procedure calls (RPC). The protocol provides for a wide-range of system statistics.
- The retrieval of this information is supported by a number of operating systems which support RPC. Most UNIX-based systems (HP-UX, Irix, Linux, Solaris, etc.) use the rup and rsysinfo commands to retrieve the information. See your local system documentation for the appropriate usage of these or equivalent commands.
- rusersd** Dynamically enables or disables a server that returns information about the user logged into the system through remote procedure calls (RPC). The information returned includes user login name, the system name, login protocol or type, login time, idle time, and remote login location (if applicable).
- The retrieval of this information is supported by a number of operating systems which support RPC. On most UNIX-based systems (HP-UX, Irix, Linux, Solaris, etc.) the command to retrieve the information is rusers. See your local system documentation for the appropriate usage of this or equivalent command.
- rapid** Dynamically enables or disables a service that handles RPC requests for the API server.
- thad** Dynamically enables or disables the threshold monitor.
- Disable RLS probing** This disables Read Link Error Status probing of the ALPAs.

Portlog Events Enable

Use these parameters to specify which events create an entry in the port log. The Portlog Events fields are as follows:

<i>1.1.1.1.5 Configure Command Portlog Events parameters</i>	
Field	(Valid Values) Default Value
start: a switch start or re-start event	(on, off): [on]
disable: a port is disabled	(on, off): [on]
enable: a port is enabled	(on, off): [on]
ioctl: a port I/O control is executed	(on, off): [on]
Tx: a frame is transmitted	(on, off): [on]
Tx1: a frame is transmitted, class 1	(on, off): [on]
Tx2: a frame is transmitted, class 2	(on, off): [on]
Tx3: a frame is transmitted, class 3	(on, off): [on]
Rx: a frame is received	(on, off): [on]
Rx1: a frame is received, class 1	(on, off): [on]
Rx2: a frame is received, class 2	(on, off): [on]
Rx3: a frame is received, class 3	(on, off): [on]
stats: port status or statistics	(on, off): [on]
scn: a state change notification	(on, off): [on]
pstate: a port changes physical state	(on, off): [on]
reject: a received frame is rejected	(on, off): [on]
busy: a received frame is busied	(on, off): [on]
ctin: a CT based request is received	(on, off): [on]
ctout: a CT based response is transmitted	(on, off): [on]
errlog: a message is added to the error log	(on, off): [on]
loopscn: a loop state change notification	(on, off): [on]
create: a task is created	(on, off): [on]
debug: generic debug info	(on, off): [on]

nbrfsm: neighbor state transition	(on, off): [on]
timer: timer	(on, off): [on]
sn: speed negotiation state	(on, off): [on]
nsRemQ: inter-sw NS query	(on, off): [on]
nsRemR: inter-sw NS response	(on, off): [on]
rscn: RSCN	(on, off): [on]
reconf: fabric reconfiguration	(on, off): [on]
LR1: LR2	(on, off): [on]

OPERANDS None.

EXAMPLE

To set the configuration parameters for a switch:

```

switch:admin> configure
Configure...
Fabric parameters (yes, y, no, n): [no] y
Domain: (1..239) [14] 50
BB credit: (1..27) [5]
R_A_TOV: (4000..120000) [10000]
E_D_TOV: (1000..5000) [2000]
WAN_TOV: (1000..120000) [0]
Data field size: (256..2112) [2112]
Sequence Level Switching: (0..1) [0]
Disable Device Probing: (0..1) [0]
Suppress Class F Traffic: (0..1) [0]
SYNC IO mode: (0..1) [0]
VC Encoded Address Mode: (0..1) [0]
Core Switch PID Format: (0..1) [1]
Per-frame Route Priority: (0..1) [0]
Long Distance Fabric: (0..1) [0]

Virtual Channel parameters (yes, y, no, n): [no] y
VC Priority 2: (2..3) [2]
VC Priority 3: (2..3) [2]
VC Priority 4: (2..3) [2]
VC Priority 5: (2..3) [2]
VC Priority 6: (2..3) [3]
VC Priority 7: (2..3) [3]

Zoning Operation parameters (yes, y, no, n): [no] n
RSCN Transmission Mode (yes, y, no, n): [no] n
NS Operation Parameters (yes, y, no, n): [no] n
Arbitrated Loop parameters (yes, y, no, n): [no] n
System services (yes, y, no, n): [no] n
Portloop events enable (yes, y, no, n): [no] n

```

```
Committing configuration...done.  
switch:admin>
```

Outstanding Defects

This table of open defects lists those defects whose status, while still formally “open”, is such that they should not be of concern to Brocade’s OEM partners. Brocade does not formally close a defect until our Quality Assurance group has completed their verification of the fix. Defects may also appear in this list if they have been seen once, but have eluded re-creation during additional weeks of testing. Such defects will be flagged as “Tracking”. If they cannot be reproduced, they will eventually be closed. Should a defect closed with Tracking status recur, it will be reopened.

Defects may also appear in this list if they have been evaluated and judged able to be deferred to a later release, classified as an RFE (Request for Enhancement), or identified as normal product behavior (Not a Defect). Some defects in this list appear as a result of Brocade’s aggressive “Stress to Fail” testing, which creates scenarios unlikely to occur in customer deployment. Brocade’s partners are unlikely to encounter defects in this list, even though they are still officially considered “open”.

This table lists open defects in Fabric OS v2.6.1.

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000016384	High	<p>Summary: Switch not sending enough LIPs to transition from AL-PA sequence to Old_Port</p> <p>Symptom: Some Loop devices may not initialize. The switch port initialization transition from open-init-state to the Old_Port State can occur for certain devices.</p> <p>Solution: The fixed was backed out since it causes some HBA not always login as F-port.</p> <p>Workaround: Setting the port as a G-Port by using portCfgGPort causes the issue to be avoided.</p> <p>Customer Impact: This issue affects a particular FC LTO tape drive. The workaround has been agreed upon between Brocade and the manufacturer of the LTO 2 tape drives.</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000017699	High	<p>Summary: System hangs for a few minutes, then comes back with the error: INFO SYS-BOOT, 4, Restart reason: Fault"</p> <p>Symptom: System can hang for a few minutes, then comes back with the error "INFO SYS-BOOT, 4, Restart reason: Fault".</p> <p>Solution: The problem was caused by a relatively large amount of data written to the webserver, for example, through a zoning operation. A request for memory was made which was not satisfied. This resulted in the fault.</p> <p>The fix is two fold:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Catching the fault condition and stopping it from happening. 2) Optimization of memory usage. <p>Workaround: Confine GUI based zoning updates to a 2.6.0j or higher version switch.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Waived for RC2 drop. . There is a workaround for this issue.</p>
DEFECT000018559	High	<p>Summary: LIP HDS9900</p> <p>Symptom: Loop initialization between the SANRISE 2800 disk array and Silkworm switches can get stuck in an infinite loop and the port doesn't initialize.</p> <p>Solution: Allow LIPs to be received if by chance the single device was in bypass mode all this time and will wake up only later</p> <p>Comment: The fix for this defect is currently under test.</p>
DEFECT000025037	High	<p>Summary: A zone merge with a zoning DB greater than 98232 bytes causes the 2K to clearout the defined database.</p> <p>Symptom: When merging with a 12K switch and having a large zoning DB (greater than 98232 bytes) should cause the 2K switches to segment BUT not clear their defined zoning database.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Waived for RC2 drop. A deferral has been requested for this defect. The issue is understood, but the fix is high risk at this point in development.</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000025310	High	<p>Summary: ECHO not returned by switch when member not in zone</p> <p>Symptom: Storage will not receive ECHO when the storage port is not part of the zoning configuration. Can cause the storage to generate fault if this happens even when it is connect to the fabric and online</p> <p>Solution: When zoning is enabled, the ASIC does screening based on S_ID. Modified cfgloct1 to program each port with it's own S_ID when FLOGI is received on that port.</p> <p>Workaround: Put storage port into a zoning configuration</p> <p>Comment: The fix for this defect is currently under test.</p>
DEFECT000025404	High	<p>Summary: HP issue: Change from E-port to F-port causes repeated looping of FLOGI/PLOGI/LOGO. Also portlink timeout</p> <p>Comment: The fix for this defect is currently under test.</p>
DEFECT000025548	High	<p>Summary: Loop port does not get registered in name server after disabling zoning on the switch and merge the switch back to fabric</p> <p>Symptom: A loop port did not get registered to name server after cleaning up the zoning on the switch, then merge the switch back to the fabric with zoning until additional portdiable/portenable.</p>
DEFECT000025639	High	<p>Summary: Two switches crashed with "Panic: FREE - free failed, ptr: . ."</p> <p>Symptom: Switch panic during stress test</p> <p>Solution: Still under investigation</p> <p>Workaround: Keep one WebTool session open</p> <p>Customer Impact: Avoid running Qualsys or some other network vulnerability test</p> <p>Probability: Low</p>
DEDECT000025643	High	<p>Summary: Loop init problem</p> <p>Symptom: switch fails to start a LISM phase following the LIP generated by the adapter.</p> <p>Solution: Under Investigation</p> <p>Workaround: None</p> <p>Customer Impact: Result of running test script to stress conditions.</p> <p>Probability: Low -Only reported by 1 customer</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000025644	High	<p>Summary: Switch reboot Reset reason 21 : Bus error</p> <p>Symptom: Switch rebooted while using Webtools to set data on the switch.</p> <p>Solution: Under Investigation</p> <p>Workaround: None</p> <p>Customer Impact: Unknown</p> <p>Probability: Low. This problem has been difficult to re-produce.</p>
DEFECT000025645	High	<p>Summary: problem to activate a very simple zone configuration change</p> <p>Symptom:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) zonecreate "db2c1" 2) cfgadd "Thunder", "db2c1" 3) cfgsave 4) cfgenable "Thunder" 5) cfgshow - shows the zone is in the defined configuration but not in the effective configuration. <p>Solution: Under Investigation</p> <p>Workaround: None</p> <p>Customer Impact: Unknown</p> <p>Probability: Low. Tried the same set of commands and cannot reproduce.</p>
DEFECT000012433	Medium	<p>Summary: [fixed in 3.1 (defect 12432) FCIP : could not open switchview with some FCIP addresses setup</p> <p>Symptom: Unable to open switchview on a switch with both IP and FC addresses set.</p> <p>Workaround: The workaround is to set up environment where one launch/entry switch has both ethernet and FCIP address field set and rest of the switches using FCIP have FCIP address set, but ethernet addresses and mask set to "none". If the switches are set up to use both FCIP and ethernet, make sure that both the addresses are valid and you can telnet to the switch using both the addresses.</p> <p>Customer Impact: This defect has been deferred. Currently there does not seem to be any good solution available to fix this permanently, but there is a workaround which the user can follow and this problem should not happen.</p> <p>Probability: Low</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000019877	Medium	<p>Summary: Pls remove " passwdDB size 12 " off on BannerShow output message</p> <p>Symptom: bannershow command results in the following output message: passwdDB size 12. No operational impact, but can confuse the user.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred to later release. This is a cosmetic issue.</p>
DEFECT000020068	Medium	<p>Summary: "Select scheme fails 7" error on backup switch</p> <p>Symptom: Customer will see "Select scheme fails" message on the screen</p> <p>Solution: Error happens because primary key on the switch is corrupted (SSH_CRYPTO_CORRUPTED_KEY_FPRMAT). Doing switchdisable forces the download of primary key again.</p> <p>Workaround: If this error happens, take switch offline and then back online.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred. This defect has not been recreated in a long time.</p> <p>Probability: Low</p>
DEFECT000020451	Medium	<p>Summary: VxWorks-based switches generate predictable TCP sequence numbers</p> <p>Symptom: TCP sequence number guessing means to guess the initial TCP sequence number of a future TCP session or an existing TCP session.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred. Wind River has accepted that this is their issue. We cannot solve it.</p>
DEFECT000020513	Medium	<p>Summary: Please update help page for "configure" to reflect that VC Encoded mode cannot be set in security mode</p> <p>Symptom: Customer should NOT set VC Encoded mode with Security enabled.</p> <p>Workaround: Customer should NOT set VC Encoded mode with Security enabled.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred. This is a cosmetic issue that should be documented.</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000020850	Medium	<p>Summary: Files stored in Temporary Internet Files can be copied and pasted in browser address bar thereby bypassing login.</p> <p>Symptom: Potential Security hole, affects 2.6.1, 3.1 and 4.1</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred. Will be addressed in maintenance release.</p>
DEFECT000020886	Medium	<p>Summary: No quickloop license on private host's switch, FA config is still enable</p> <p>Symptom: FA configuration is still enabled, even if there is no quickloop license on private host's switch.</p> <p>Workaround: Disable and re-enable zoning on the switch</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred. There is a workaround for this issue.</p>
DEFECT000020904	Medium	<p>Summary: 0.0.0.0 allows all access in Telnet, SNMP, and HTTP policies</p> <p>Symptom: If Telnet_Policy, RSNMP_POLICY, WSNMP_POLICY, and HTTP_POLICY are created and activated with ip address 0.0.0.0, all the telnet , snmp, and http protocols still open and allow all the connections.</p> <p>Workaround: Do not use 0.0.0.0 for IP based Security Policy</p> <p>Customer Impact: This defect has been deferred to a future release.</p>
DEFECT000021020	Medium	<p>Summary: get WARNING TS-MCAST, 3, TS multicast failed: Invalid signature in all of SW3800s</p> <p>Symptom: If a switch in a secure fabric is disabled and configured with domain ID to be the same as another switch already in the fabric. When enable the switch with "switchenable" command, the following message is displayed. "WARNING TS-MCAST, 3, TS multicast failed: Invalid signature"</p> <p>Workaround: Set time to synchronize with primary FCS.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred to future release.</p>
DEFECT000021022	Medium	<p>Summary: When the Primary switch comes on line we get the "Failed to verify message" on all backups.</p> <p>Symptom: During secFailOver process, backup switch showed "Failed to verify message."</p> <p>Workaround: Dis-able and re-enable the switch to sync with primary FCS</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred to future release.</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000021053	Medium	<p>Summary: can't qlenable switch after FA host is removed from switch</p> <p>Symptom: FA host and quickloop cannot co-exist on the same switch. In this test case, the FA host was moved to another switch. User should be able to issue command "qlenable" for this switch.</p> <p>Workaround: When this happens, fastboot the switch</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred to future release.</p>
DEFECT000021082	Medium	<p>Summary: [INCON] Need consistent security segmentation errors</p> <p>Symptom: In mixed fabrics, error messages are not consistent and can be confusing. Confusing to user if no DB exists, providing misleading information. 3.1/4.1 Inconsistencies</p> <p>Customer Impact: This issue has been addressed, but the fix has not completed Systems verification test.</p>
DEFECT000021812	Medium	<p>Summary: FM: 49: GEN: Webserver reporting 503 Service Unavailable/Overloaded errors to FM</p> <p>Symptom: The webserver on a switch is reporting 503 Service Unavailable errors to Fabric Manager (FM) under a test condition where 4 FM clients polling a variety of FM related switch html pages. The client poll times for these pages are on average every 15-20 secs. The switch was being disabled and re-enabled every 10 mins throughout this test and was the only switch in the 24 switch fabric that gave this problem.</p> <p>Comment: The fix for this defect is currently under test.</p>
DEFECT000022416	Medium	<p>Summary: FM:U: GEN:Details view shows SWs as unreachable but telnet works</p> <p>Symptom: The Fabric Manager (FM) Details view shows several 2K switches as unreachable but telnet to the switch is still possible. The following exception messages are being logged in the error log: [Exception] Feb 5, 2003 5:46:09 PM Events CDPool:cow062_2250:EventDataCollector java.io.IOException: Server returned HTTP response code: 503 for URL:</p> <p>Customer Impact: The functionality is still available - just the view is impacted.</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000023665	Medium	<p>Summary: FM: 537 : GEN: Webserver returning incorrect wwn's in FabricInfo.html</p> <p>Symptom: Switch wwn displays in webtools are incorrect for a few seconds, no noticeable effect. In Fabric Manager (FM), however, these are used as keys into the switch display tree creating extraneous entries.</p> <p>Solution: The cause was the wwnfmt call which is not reentrant. All occurrences in the WebTools code have been replaced with the reentrant function.</p> <p>Customer Impact: A fix is available for this issue.</p>
DEFECT000023954	Medium	<p>Summary: HPUX hosts with A5158 and 6795 HBAs don't see STK tape drives connected to a 2.6 switch</p> <p>Symptom: When a STK tape drive 9940A,9940B or 9840A is connected to a 2.6 switch (2.6.1 or 2.6.0), HPUX hosts with A5158A (1g) and 6795 (2g) HBAs don't see the tape drive in secure as well as non secure mode</p> <p>Customer Impact: Issue is still under investigation.</p>
DEFECT000024109	Medium	<p>Summary: Memory leak in bannerGet() - same as defect 23806 in 3.1. Also in API - GetSingleObject.</p> <p>Comment: The fix for this defect is currently under test.</p>
DEFECT000024343	Medium	<p>Summary: Referencing to the same switch twice in a single secpolicycreate command for DCC policy fails - duplicate</p> <p>Symptom: Customer sees an unclear error message.</p> <p>Solution: Allow for multiple switch entries with different port values. Current implementation does not allow this flexibility. In Fabric OS v3.1.0/v4.1.0 a better error message is provided if this condition is encountered.</p> <p>Workaround: None</p> <p>Customer Impact: Complete fix is not possible without major changes. A better error message can be provided (as in 3.1/4.1), if check in is allowed.</p> <p>Probability: Low</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000024602	Medium	<p>Summary: Nightly test18Mar: Switches segmented from secure fabric due to incomplete zone propagation</p> <p>Symptom: While in secure mode, clear the zoning config on the primary FCS and use configdownload to restore config across the fabric. Rarely, incomplete propagation of zoning information to one or more switches can result in segmentation of that switch from the secure fabric. It is necessary to process the isolated switch with secmodeenable/secmodedisable commands to allow it to rejoin the fabric.</p> <p>Workaround: May need to document workaround for recovering a segmented switch in a secure fabric due to an incomplete zoning propagation (however it occurs). The recovery for a customer may not be obvious depending on the affected switch.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Intermittent issue and can be worked around.</p>
DEFECT000024666	Medium	<p>Summary: CERT Advisory CA-2003-10 Integer overflow in Sun RPC XDR - RPC lib is used by API</p> <p>Symptom: CERT Advisory CA-2003-10 Integer overflow in Sun RPC XDR. There is an integer overflow in the xdrmem_getbytes() function distributed as part of the Sun Microsystems XDR library. This overflow can cause remotely exploitable buffer overflows in multiple applications, leading to the execution of arbitrary code.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred. Documented vendor issue. For more information, please refer to the CERT advisory.</p>
DEFECT000024816	Medium	<p>Summary: CERT Advisory CAN-2002-0391- Integer overflow in xdr_array() function when deserializing the XDR streamstream</p> <p>Symptom: There is an integer overflow present in the xdr_array() function distributed as part of the Sun Microsystems XDR library. This overflow has been shown to lead to remotely exploitable buffer overflows in multiple applications, leading to the execution of arbitrary code.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred. Documented vendor issue. For more information, please refer to the CERT advisory.</p>
DEFECT000024899	Medium	<p>Summary: Couldn't telnet to SW2800 after switch was reboot several times</p> <p>Symptom: After the SW2800 switch was reboot several times, user will not be able to telnet to the switch. To fix this problem, user must do soft or hard reboot the switch.</p> <p>Customer Impact: This has been determined to be a corner case and the defect will be closed.</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000024902	Medium	<p>Summary: get "fail to commit on all switches" when doing secpolicysave because one SilkWorm 12000 gets fail to verify signed data when committing DB</p> <p>Symptom: When creating a DCC policy on the primary FCS switch, secpolicysave command results in the following error: secpolicysave Fail to commit on all switches.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Will target subsequent release.</p>
DEFECT000025017	Medium	<p>Summary: Unable to ID private HBAs (HBA rejects fcp probe) in DCC policy.</p> <p>Symptom: Private HBAs or HBAs in QL mode rejects FCP probe from the switch. As a result, these HBAs have no registration to the name server (NS).</p> <p>Customer Impact: Some older private HBA does not respond to PLOGI from the switch. These HBA are not enforced by the DCC policy. This is a normal behavior of some HBAs.</p>
DEFECT000025083	Medium	<p>Summary: please implement Master mib for v4.1</p> <p>Symptom: None, a new Master mib is being implemented for Brocade SW Switches.</p> <p>Comment: The fix for this defect is currently under test.</p>
DEFECT000025118	Medium	<p>Summary: syslog is disabled if quiet mode is enabled</p> <p>Symptom: If quiet mode is enabled, syslog is disabled</p> <p>Workaround: In order to get syslog events, disable quietmode</p> <p>Customer Impact: Deferred.</p>
DEFECT000025423	Medium	<p>Summary: CLI Secure Telnet</p> <p>Symptom: secPolicyCreate command has a grammatical error in text output.</p> <p>Comment: The fix for this defect is currently under test.</p>
DEFECT000025452	Medium	<p>Summary: Able to download zoneset using CfgDownload</p> <p>Customer Impact: Waived for RC2 drop.</p>
DEFECT000025552	Medium	<p>Summary: From a 2.61 proxy, while there is an active cfg, trying to Commit after clearing FZDB would return -1000.</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000025640	Medium	<p>Summary: An entry is in the name server for a port that does not have a device logged in.</p> <p>Symptom: An entry is in the name server for a port that does not have a device logged in, otherwise the switch appears to function properly.</p> <p>Solution: Still under investigation</p> <p>Workaround: None</p> <p>Customer Impact: Unknown</p> <p>Probability: Low, due to this is the first report of such problem and not reproduced yet</p>
DEFECT000025641	Medium	<p>Summary: Performance Degradation in QuickLoop switch</p> <p>Symptom: The host transmits Frame A and Frame B within 1 millisecond. The switch transmits Frame B about 50 milliseconds after forwarding Frame A. The switch receives R_RDY from the storage right after forwarding Frame A</p> <p>Solution: Under Investigation</p> <p>Workaround: None</p> <p>Customer Impact: Unknown</p> <p>Probability: Still investigating whether it's related with a known full/half duplex mode problem.</p>
DEFECT000025642	Medium	<p>Summary: Turning one of two power supplies off causes switch to reboot 2800 due to HW ref guide list the power supplies backwards.</p> <p>Symptom: Switch reboot</p> <p>Solution: Defer: HW ref guide need to be updated</p> <p>Probability: Low</p>
DEFECT000025646	Medium	<p>Summary: "supportshow" command will display close to infinite faultTrace (very large).</p> <p>Symptom: supportshow continues to dump stack trace due to long user stack length field.</p> <p>Solution: Check on invalid filed length</p> <p>Workaround: None</p> <p>Customer Impact: Fix is going to 2.6.1a patch release</p> <p>Probability: Low.</p>

Outstanding Defects		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000025648	Medium	<p>Summary: Switch panic v2.6.0d, Sys no MEM on two switches in fabric.</p> <p>Symptom: switch panic</p> <p>Solution: Under Investigation</p> <p>Workaround: None</p> <p>Customer Impact: Unknown</p> <p>Probability: Low</p>

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1

This table lists the defects that have been closed since Beta 1.

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000012525	High	<p>Summary: <portenable> command should not be allowed while switch is disabled.</p> <p>Symptom: User will see the port is enabled but can't use the port for any operation since the switch is disabled.</p> <p>Solution: Added a check in the port enable function verify the switch enabled status and to see if the switch is in diagnostic mode, before allowing the port to become enabled.</p>
DEFECT000016281	High	<p>Summary: A switch can encounter watchdog error after came up from fastboot</p> <p>Symptom: A core switch can reboot due to a watchdog error after come up from fastboot.</p> <p>Solution: The solution is to fill out the entire buffer with valid data before giving the buffer pointer to another process to access buffer data.</p>
DEFECT000018999	High	<p>Summary: Scalability: One device is shown in "nsshow" although "switchshow" confirms device port is disabled.</p> <p>Symptom: On a 28 switch-fabric, device ports on all switches were disabled. For few switches, the name server still show those devices in "nsshow" command even though "switchshow" command confirms that the ports have been disabled.</p>

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000019280	High	<p>Summary: switch encounters bus error after issuing cfgdelete, then cfgsave command with an 85k zoning database</p> <p>Symptom: A bus error can occur when saving a configuration with cfgsave for system with 53k or larger zoning database</p>
DEFECT000020492	High	<p>Summary: SCALABILITY: cfgenable cause "CRITICAL SYS-NOMEM, 1, No memory"</p> <p>Symptom: On a large fabric, approximately 700 device ports, the command "cfgenable" on a 2800 switch can cause a "CRITICAL SYS-NOMEM, 1, No memory" error.</p> <p>Solution: Fix: The code now checks for sufficient Max Free Block Size before attempting to allocate iu in SFC and UFC phase, and if there is not enough memory, it retries after a taskDelay.</p>
DEFECT000020510	High	<p>Summary: cfgsave appears to not work properly</p> <p>Symptom: It may appear that a cfgsave has not worked properly immediately after a cfgsave is performed.</p>
DEFECT000020864	High	<p>Summary: Ethernet driver in VxWorks switches may pass sensitive data in minimum sized packets</p> <p>Symptom: VxWorks Ethernet driver may pass sensitive data in less than 46 bytes packets.</p> <p>Solution: Initialize the packet to all zero before copy data.</p>
DEFECT000021033	High	<p>Summary: Scalability: secpolicyactivate command causes Primary FCS to display "Critical kSWD-kSWD_GENERIC_ERR_CRITICAL," which results in panic dump and fabric segmented.</p> <p>Symptom: Upon activating the new policy by issuing "secpolicyactivate," the Primary Fabric Configuration Server (FCS) froze for a few minutes and the switch rebooted.</p> <p>Solution: This is addressed in Fabric OS v4.1.0.</p>
DEFECT000022295	High	<p>Summary: security enabled: SilkWorm 2xxx switch never sends RDI and remained in unconfirmed state forever</p> <p>Symptom: In a secure mixed fabric with the SilkWorm 12000 and SilkWorm 2xxx switches, if the primary Fabric Configuration Server (SilkWorm 12000 core switch, sw0) is disabled, after issuing the command "configdownload" and re enable the SilkWorm 12000 switch, the SilkWorm 2xxx switch in the fabric could remain in an unconfirmed state and not recover.</p> <p>Solution: The fix is in the 4.1 code.</p>

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000022346	High	<p>Summary: A large zoning DB on a secured SilkWorm 12000 should cause the SilkWorm 2000 switches to segment.</p> <p>Symptom: In mixed fabrics, an attempt to propagate a large zoning database from a SilkWorm 12000 to a SilkWorm 2XXX switch should cause the SilkWorm 2XXX switch to segment. Instead the SilkWorm 2XXX switch is put in the ERROR state and fabric is not segmented.</p> <p>Solution: The fix required in 2.6.1 is to return an error code that 4.1 switches may use to determine that the 2.6.1 switch must be segmented.</p> <p>Fix is low risk and has already been tested in private builds.</p>
DEFECT000022969	High	<p>Summary: Zoning config propagates during a merge but does not appear to trigger a flash write</p> <p>Symptom: Flash is not updated following a merge operation.</p> <p>Solution: Do a flash save in the config merge path.</p>
DEFECT000024185	High	<p>Summary: semaphore blocking</p> <p>Symptom: Switch can hang and user is unable to use the ethernet or serial port on the switches and all the green LEDs were on.</p>
DEFECT000024754	High	<p>Summary: Seeing error message - rcsPhase2Rcv: Malloc failed to allocate for app data. Rejecting Request and error: no memory</p> <p>Symptom: Running a zoning script on a SilkWorm 12000 could result in memory issues in a mixed fabric with a SilkWorm 2xxx switch.</p>
DEFECT000025025	High	<p>Summary: Add non-fcs to the fcs policy and activate fcs policy, fabric is reconfigured and a number of 3xxx & 2xxx switches are segmented from the fabric</p> <p>Symptom: Fabric starts to reconfigure after the secpolicyactivate is executed if a non-fcs switch is added to fcs policy and activate the policy. The fabric ends up segmented.</p> <p>Solution: Let primary FCS retries more than 1 time to make sure it can get data.</p>
DEFECT000025040	High	<p>Summary: Zoning DB size of 98232 bytes on a 2K switch is being rejected as being too large.</p> <p>Symptom: Zoning DB size of 98232 bytes is being rejected as being too large. The current limit is 98232 bytes.</p> <p>Solution: Changed zone size comparison from '>=' to '>' in 5 locations. Bug prevented using last available byte in zone database storage area.</p>

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000013391	Medium	<p>Summary: Running zoning commands on a backup or non-FCS does not increment the Invalid Commands counter</p> <p>Symptom: Running zoning commands on a backup/non-FCS does not increase the Invalid Commands counter.</p> <p>Solution: The Zoning commands increment the illegal_cmd security statistics when a user attempts to change the zoning configuration on a non-Primary FCS switch while in secure mode.</p>
DEFECT000017827	Medium	<p>Summary: Need to update help pages for commands secStatsShow and secStatsReset</p> <p>Symptom: secStatsReset and secStatsShow do not have updated help pages.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Both help pages are not updated to reflect the new syntax (synopsis) - Both help pages are not updated to list the newly added statistics counters <p>Solution: Updated help pages to include new counters and new fabric wide feature for commands.</p>
DEFECT000018463	Medium	<p>Summary: Scalability: CRITICAL MQ-QWRITE, 1, mqWrite, queue = fru_q, queue ID = 0x10e84a90</p> <p>Symptom: On large mixed fabrics, approximately 700 device ports, and a zoning database of approximately 92k the following message can appear: CRITICAL MQ-QWRITE, 1, mqWrite, queue = fru_q, queue ID = 0x10e84a90</p>
DEFECT000018754	Medium	<p>Summary: The 2.6.x vxWeb image size is reaching the limit of flash memory for FabOS</p> <p>Customer Impact: This issue will be addressed when the memory limit is approached. Further compression will lengthen the time to boot, and the core team has decided to put that off as we look for ways to reduce the image size.</p>
DEFECT000019800	Medium	<p>Summary: SCALABILITY: cfgsave cause fabric reconfigure</p> <p>Symptom: With a large fabric, approximately 700 device ports and 95k zone size, the fabric will reconfigure when executing a alicreate followed by cfgsave command.</p> <p>Solution: When a rejected ABTS response is receive, do not reset the link.</p>

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000019906	Medium	<p>Summary: [FW] FwMailCfg, mail signature is not updated when switch name is changed</p> <p>Symptom: FwMailCfg, mail signature is not updated when switch name is changed.</p> <p>Solution: Fabric watch gets the switch signature when it compose the emails.</p>
DEFECT000019907	Medium	<p>Summary: [FW] fwmailcfg, mail signature displays garbage characters if switch name exceeds 14 characters long</p> <p>Symptom: FwMailCfg, mail signature displays nonsense characters if switch name exceeds 14 characters.</p> <p>Solution: Add boundary check in the signature string.</p>
DEFECT000019957	Medium	<p>Summary: FW: No Fabric Watch license, FwShow and FwAlarmsFilterShow commands are still available at ROOT</p> <p>Symptom: If the user removes the Fabric Watch license followed by a fastboot of the switch and then login as root: fabric watch commands: fwshow and fwalarmsfiltershow are still available.</p> <p>Solution: Add license check for those commands.</p>
DEFECT000019979	Medium	<p>Summary: fwMailCfg: abort change by CTRL C but still committing change</p> <p>Symptom: When using the FwMailCfg command and then abort change by CTRL C, the switch still commits the change. Such as change IP for mail server then abort, the change is still committed. Change IP for mail server then abort:</p> <p>Solution: This fix avoids updating new values with Ctrl-C . This would keep the old values which were configured before even when ctrl-C is used by user to exit.</p>
DEFECT000019991	Medium	<p>Summary: cannot clear 53k zoning database from a 22-switch fabric</p> <p>Symptom: Issuing "cfgclear" and "cfgsave" on a large, 22-switch silkworm 2x00 fabric (silkworm 6400 setup as core and 16 silkworm 2x00 edge switches) and a 53K zoning database, after 1 hour the zoning database on the other switches in the fabric do not clear and the following error is logged in errshow</p> <pre>reg210_core:admin> errdump</pre> <p>Error 09 ----- 0x1029f690 (tRtwr): Dec 13 12:31:44 ERROR ZONE-TRANSCOMMIT, 2, Transaction Commit failed. Reason code 2 - "Aca Was Rejected"</p>

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000020994	Medium	<p>Summary: Webtools could not open FC-IP switches</p> <p>Symptom: Webtools cannot be used to open FC-IP switches, however ping and telnet work fine by using FC-IP address.</p> <p>Solution: The defect was present because the banner page was always using ethernet ip address in hyperlink . At runtime it should determine which ip address to choose(either ethernet or fcip). The solution was to make the hyperlink a relative link(/Fabric2.html) rather than absolute link(<a href="http://<ip address>/Fabric2.html">http://<ip address>/Fabric2.html).</p>
DEFECT000021052	Medium	<p>Summary: Fa zone with public host, still see the targets</p> <p>Symptom: Create FA zone contents public host and public device. Enable FA zone, Fashow no phantom table but the host still see the target</p>
DEFECT000021131	Medium	<p>Summary: Negative test case - inserting bogus domain id in config file does not prevent config file from being downloaded</p> <p>Symptom: Negative test case - Attempted to download a new configuration to the switch which had an invalid domain id (-11). Upon upload, the error message occurred "Warning: current zoning transaction aborted. Reason code:user command download failed at line 1211", but the file was not rejected and the domain id showed up as "-11" . When the switch was re-enabled, the fabric continually reconfigured because of this invalid domain id.</p> <p>Solution: Verify domain ID is valid before download configuration file.</p>
DEFECT000023380	Medium	<p>Summary: In a SEC setup, the management station cannot ping to the SilkWorm 12000 switch but the SilkWorm 12000 switch can ping to ALL in-band switches</p> <p>Symptom: Some in-band switches connected in a daisy-chain fashion, cannot be administered via the management station.</p> <p>Solution: logout PLOGIs from the embedded ports instigated by FC-IP when domain unreachable RSCNs from domains are received.</p>
DEFECT000024065	Medium	<p>Summary: FM: 229: TOPO: Nsinfo.htm format causes FM to show NULL in portgrid for devices with no symbolic name</p> <p>Symptom: A "NULL" value is returned for devices with no name, leading Fabric Manager to think that it is a genuine name.</p> <p>Solution: Replace "NULL" with a null string.</p>

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000024081	Medium	<p>Summary: FM: 25: ISLCK: Incorrect FabricInfo2.html causes FM not to show ISL Checking Events</p> <p>Symptom: A two switch fabric would only be seen as a single switch by the FM ISL checkin feature.</p> <p>Solution: A premature return cause this issue. Ensured that both the switches were visible to the feature.</p>
DEFECT000024349	Medium	<p>Summary: mscapabilityshow displays incorrect information</p> <p>Symptom: Incorrect information displayed for mscapabilityshow</p>
DEFECT000024694	Medium	<p>Summary: Platform database exceeds max size</p> <p>Symptom: Platform database exceeds maximum size of 32KB during fabric merge. Database rejects platform registrations if max size is reached. However, the check is not done when two fabrics are merged with large databases.</p> <p>Solution: Defect 24694 Fixed MS allow max sized PLDBs to merge with switch with no DB</p> <p>Problem: Switch with an empty DB would segment a switch that had a PLDB close the maximal size.</p> <p>Root cause: The function calculating the DB size would erroneously add bytes to each entry. The additional bytes only apply to the DB as a whole. This would cause the switch to think the DB was too large, and this is a segmentation condition.</p> <p>Fix: Change function to not add the additional bytes per entry.</p>
DEFECT000024862	Medium	<p>Summary: sec DB not reliably propagated from backup FCS to fabric when receiving side (primary FCS) has version stamp 0</p> <p>Symptom: Security DB may not propagate from the backup FCS to the Fabric when the receiving side has version stamp 0.</p>
DEFECT000024900	Medium	<p>Summary: telnet timeout defect</p> <p>Symptom: After starting a telnet session to a switch, but NOT log in (just wait at the "login:" prompt) the switch will never time out. If a second telnet sessions is attempted, the "engaged" message comes up and drops the new login attempt.</p>

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000024942	Medium	<p>Summary: WebTools : 'Symbolic Name' for HBA's always shows up as 'NULL' in NSTable</p> <p>Symptom: User will run into this problem if the HBAs are connected to switches in a fabric and uses a 2.6.1 switch as the load switch to get name server information using Fabric Manager or views the name server table information using this switch running v2.6.1.</p> <p>Solution: Send node symbolic name first and if this is NULL then send the port symbolic name.</p>
DEFECT000025161	Medium	<p>Summary: get E port (unknown) when merge a security switch to non security switch</p> <p>Symptom: get E port (unknown) when merge a security switch to non security switch expect the E port shown as E port (segmented, Security Violation)</p> <p>Solution: Print the "segmented" string if a port is segmented. Reset the slap state on a failed port.</p>
DEFECT000025367	Medium	<p>Summary: Activate Transaction after Committing Transaction returns -1000 if the two operations happen within a short amount of time between each other.</p>
DEFECT000019659	High	<p>Summary: Scalability: secd died in Primary Fabric Configuration Server while trying to propagate policy information in 4 switch fabric</p> <p>Symptom: secd daemon died in Primary Fabric Configuration Server (trusted switch) while trying to propagate policy information in a 4 switch fabric</p> <p>Comment: The fix for this defect is currently under test and has been included in the latest Release.</p>

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000020985	High	<p>Summary: Switches in a v2.6.1 fabric watchdog when the "secversionreset" command is given.</p> <p>Symptom: Switches in a v2.6.1 fabric watchdog when a "secversionreset" command is given after specific sequence of operations.</p> <p>Customer Impact: Waiving for 2.6.1/3.1/4.1 qual Beta1 drop due to schedule. Will target a subsequent build.</p> <p>This defect causes switches to watchdog after a specific sequence of operations is performed. The justification for the waiver is that the defect is caused by a specific sequence of actions that are not anticipated in routine customer operations. Furthermore, the defect has been corrected for the next RC build.</p> <p>Probability: Low given that the sequence of operations required to cause the defect is not expected to be performed in routine operations.</p> <p>Comment: The fix for this defect is currently under test and has been included in the latest Release.</p>
DEFECT000021149	High	<p>Summary: Lack of security license still allows management of security database</p> <p>Symptom: Security commands may continue to be issued to a switch from which the security license has been removed using the licenseRemove command.</p> <p>Solution: The proper behavior upon detecting the absence of the security license is to disable security and segment the switch. The fix has been tested and is low risk.</p> <p>Workaround: Refrain from removing a security license from a switch.</p> <p>Customer Impact: This defect allows security commands to be issued to a switch after the security license has been deleted from the switch. The justification for the waiver is that while the defect constitutes incorrect functional behavior, the incorrect behavior is not an egregious violation of the security licensing policy since it can occur only on a switch for which a valid security license was previously installed.</p> <p>Probability: None, if the security license is not removed from the switch.</p>

Cumulative Defects Closed To Date Since Beta 1		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
DEFECT000022087	High	<p>Summary: Customizable, per-VC link time out values required to support 60 seconds Fabric OS 4.1 hot code load (HCL) on SilkWorm 3900.</p> <p>Symptom: During the SilkWorm 3900 hotcode activation (Fabric OS v4.1.0), fabric reconfiguration will occur if SilkWorm 2000s switches are configured directly to a SilkWorm 3900 (via ISL.)</p> <p>Solution: Increase link timeout value of the SilkWorm 2000 switches to 60 seconds.</p>

Defects Closed Since Last GA Release

This table lists the defects that have been closed since the last GA release, Fabric OS v2.6.0.

Defects Closed Since v2.6.0		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
14681	Critical	<p>Problem Area: Broadcast storm on Ethernet network causes switch to stop responding.</p> <p>Description of Fix: Detects broadcast storm and shuts down Ethernet port.</p>
14827	Critical	<p>Description of Defect: Switch lockup due to shell task running indefinitely in the case of telnet/shell out of sync</p> <p>Description of Fix: Add taskdelays so that shelltask doesn't run indefinitely.</p>
18044	Critical	<p>Description of Defect: MSA 1000 cannot login into a 2800, port shows as insync</p> <p>Description of fix: Remove unnecessary interrupt to handle MSA behavior.</p>
9750	High	<p>Problem Description: Watchdog reboot of switch when additional ISL's added to the switch.</p>
9948	High	<p>Problem Description: Modified Name Server behavior to reduce I/O stoppage during the secFailOver operation.</p>

Defects Closed Since v2.6.0		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
10960	High	<p>Problem Area: quickloop is changing ALPA assignment</p> <p>Description of Fix:</p> <p>The command qlUnmaskLipa [0 1] has been added to this patch release.</p> <p>There are two modes of loop initialization, differentiated by setting the parameter to 0 or 1.</p> <p>When set to 0, initializing a looplet is off.</p> <p>When set to 1, initializing a looplet is on.</p> <p>When the parameter is set to initializing a looplet (1), QuickLoop masks the Arbitrated Loop Physical Address (AL_PA) bits in the Loop Initialization Procedure (LIPA) frame using the LIPA bitmaps of those looplets that stay online. Setting the parameter to 1 disables the LIPA bitmap masking and opens AL_PAs for assignment to devices in the initialized looplet during the LIPA phase, thus allowing the device to claim the same AL_PA.</p>
11637	High	<p>Problem Area: NS was requiring another probing to be completed before sending RSCN.</p> <p>Description of Fix:</p> <p>If probing has failed with NOT_SUPPORTED as the reason code, probing will discontinue and the NS will send an RSCN once the device has been registered.</p>
12439	High	<p>Problem Area: GPSN_ID command, when sent to the remote switch suspends traffic on the ISL until it has completed.</p> <p>Description of Fix: Redirect the remote request processing to a specific receive task.</p>
12651	High	<p>Problem Area: "FLOGI is discarded and should be rejected with "Command not supported" when Quickloop is enabled.</p> <p>Description for Fix: FLOGI is rejected with message "command not supported" instead of being discarded.</p>
12653	High	<p>Problem Area: Interop with McData GA_NXT times out on ISL when sent from McData to Brocade switch.</p> <p>Description of Fix: NS CAM in 2.6.x allows adjacent switches to respond to GA_NXT request.</p>
12916	High	<p>Problem Area: Taking a Symm offline causes portfault errors</p> <p>Description of Fix: Port is not hard faulted on link initialization failures.</p>
14016	High	<p>Problem Area: Zoning window in Webtools takes long time to load with very large configurations.</p> <p>Description of Fix: Loading large configurations does not take long time with the fix.</p>

Defects Closed Since v2.6.0		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
14020	High	<p>Problem Area: "Cfgtransshow" Command Fails To Show Outstanding Zoning Transactions. Shows The Effective Zone Configuration instead.</p> <p>Description of Fix: cfgtransshow was removed from the help menu to prevent misuse.</p>
15040	High	<p>Problem Description: No data capture to troubleshoot watchdog reboots of switch.</p> <p>Description of Fix: Instrumentation added to capture task activity on the switch at time of reboot and setTaskLogMode can be run by admin to capture further watchdog data.</p>
16381	High	<p>Description of Defect: With FCP device probing turned off on the switch, Fabric controller does not send an RSCN after a target device registers with the name server with a RFT_ID</p> <p>Description of Fix: Using a new bitmap to indicate Name Server to send RSCNs.</p>
17698	High	<p>Description of Defect: When querying of swSystem group and connUnitPortTable some memory was not freed before allocation again. When these MIB tables are queried again and again, we allocate memory every time without freeing previous memory allocated.</p> <p>Description of fix: Freeing the memory before allocating it again in the routines which provide access to SW System and connUnitPortTable group. These routines also have a termination routine to free the memory when the snmp daemon exits.</p>
17817	High	<p>Description of Defect: The ls_port_name field in the ADISC accept payload was not consistent with the values returned in the PLOGI and PDISC accept payloads when the ADISC was sent to a well-known address (e.g., Management Server). Brocade switch returns a different WWN in the ADISC Accept than the one it returns in the PLOGI Accept for the Management Server. The PLOGI and PDISC handlers take into account whether the ELS is addressed to a well-known address (e.g., Management Server) or to some other port address. The ADISC handler did not.</p> <p>Description of fix: Changed the ADISC ELS handler to ensure that the port name field in the ADISC accept response is consistent with the PLOGI and PDISC responses.</p>
20229	High	<p>Description of Defect: Following bringing a second target port online which is configured in the same zone as a target already online, continuous RSCNs are received from the switch to all target ports online within the zone.</p> <p>Description of fix: Change implemented so that the registered COS is not overwritten by the cos in the flogi database when handling UPD_AREA message.</p>

Defects Closed Since v2.6.0		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
9605	Medium	<p>Problem Area: nsshow does not display symbolic name for storage only empty brackets are displayed</p> <p>Description of Fix: The symbolic name for the storage device is now populated correctly between the brackets in the nsShow output.</p>
10613	Medium	<p>Problem Area: "Defect CRITICAL FCIU-IUBAD, 1, invalid iu 0x10de1760" error occurs when connected to a HP hba (A5158A) and if PortDisable/Enable is performed.</p> <p>Description of Fix: During PLOGI retry for reject, check to make sure the probing value does not exceed the max value for reject retry. If it does, fail the FCP probing and clean up the IU.</p>
11360	Medium	<p>Problem Area: Failure to re-establish ISL after long haul link reset because switch rejects the ELP.</p> <p>Description of Fix: ISL can now be re-established after a long haul link reset.</p>
11763	Medium	<p>Problem area: Admin applet fails to load after apostrophe character included in certain SNMP variables.</p> <p>Description of Fix: Admin applet now loads apostrophe character correctly for SNMP variables containing apostrophes.</p>
11931	Medium	<p>Problem Description: Telnet session from AIX host to 2800/2400 switch with FOS 2.6.0c v2.6.0x does not echo the commands that are being typed. Commands are only visible after hitting the enter key and output of command is displayed correctly</p> <p>Description of Fix: Commands are now visible as they are being typed.</p>
12650	Medium	<p>Problem area: tThad disable configure option is only available to root user</p> <p>Description of Fix: tThad disable configuration option is now available under Admin.</p>
12654	Medium	<p>Problem Area: Hyphen in the switch name in DNS disables access to zone admin and Name server windows in Web tools'</p> <p>Description of Fix: Hyphen in switch name in DNS now can be displayed in zone admin and name server windows.</p>
12688	Medium	<p>Problem Area: Switch is not discarding invalid frames at destination at hardware speed.</p> <p>Description of Fix: Created function so invalid frames can be dropped at hardware speed.</p>
15889	Medium	<p>Description of Defect: 1 port attached causes MIB queries to return incorrectly.</p> <p>Description of fix: Required in Name Server for SNMP. SNMP returns the appropriate next object after connUnitLinkTable object instead of sending the same object info.</p>

Defects Closed Since v2.6.0		
Defect ID	Severity	Description
17409	Medium	<p>Description of Defect: Configuration File Download Failure Message Incorrect;"Invalid Zoning Key" rather than "Zone DB too large".WebTools error message different than Command Line Interface.</p> <p>Description of Fix: WebTools error message now matches that of the Command Line Interface, "Zone DB too large"</p>
17425	Medium	<p>Description of Defect: cfgshow command behavior has changed from 2.4.x to 2.6.This change input a page break into the cfgshow output. This is a great benefit to users viewing the data directly, however this breaks many of our customers automation scripts.</p> <p>Description of Fix: moreEnabel/moreDisable commands made accessible to Admin user.</p>
18694	Medium	<p>Description of Defect: Switch restart reboot bus error. The calls to sprintf() are violating their buffers and causing memory corruption. The root cause for this is making accesses into the topology database while it is changing.</p> <p>Description of fix: Serialize accesses to the domain database to make sure that we don't get intermittent values while information in the database is being computed.</p>
18965	Medium	<p>Description of Defect: Switch in mixed fabric suddenly rebooted. strncpy() got out of bounds/had a bad input pointer.</p> <p>Description of fix: Harness the memory already allocated so that a request will only require the same memory to decode that it already occupies.</p>
19817	Medium	<p>Description of Defect: When a ping storm is in progress, the fabricShow command displays the message: "Fspf is calculating route, please do it later.."</p> <p>Description of fix: Added receive frame rate throttling code to ethernet driver. The ethernet driver now does a 1 tick delay on every 10th received frame so th during high rates of received ethernet frames, tNettask will not completely monopolize the CPU.</p>
19818	Medium	<p>Description of Defect: When a ping storm is initiated on a switch, the FSPF queue is exceeded and the switch displays CRITICAL MQ-QWRITE errors.</p> <p>Description of fix: Added receive frame rate throttling code to ethernet driver. The ethernet driver now does a 1 tick delay on every 10th received frame so th during high rates of received ethernet frames, tNettask will not completely monopolize the CPU.</p>
12594	Low	<p>Problem Area: Cfgclear removes zoning configuration without warning.</p> <p>Description of Fix: Added warning that cfgclear removes zoning config in the entire fabric and asks user to confirm before execution.</p>
12652	Low	<p>Problem Area: Erroneous high value SNMP portPerf traps received from Fabric Watch.</p> <p>Description of Fix: Port performance counter did not wrap correctly so the value displayed was incorrect. portPerf traps now display the correct value.</p>

